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1	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
2	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
3	Case Nos. 12-11076-shl
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5	In the Matter of:
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7	ARACAPITA BANK B.S.C.(C), et al,
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9	Debtors.
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13	U.S. Bankruptcy Court
14	One Bowling Green
15	New York, New York
16	
17	December 7, 2012
18	3:09 PM
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20	BEFORE:
21	HON SEAN H. LANE
22	U.S. BANKRUPTCY JUDGE
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	Page 2
1	Hearing re: Doc. #690 Motion to Authorize/Debtors Motion
2	for the Entry of Interim and Final Orders Pursuant to 11
3	U.S.C. 105, 362, 363(b)(1), 363(m), 364(c)(1), 364(c)(2),
4	364(c)(3), and 364(e) and Bankruptcy Rules 4001 and 6004(I)
5	Authorizing Debtors (A) to Enter into and Perform Under DIP
6	Agreement, and (B) to Obtain Credit on a Secured
7	Superpriority Basis, (II) Scheduling Final Hearing Pursuant
8	to Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b) and (c) and (III) Granting
9	Related Relief
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25	Transcribed by: Dawn South

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Page 5 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 THE CLERK: All rise. 3 THE COURT: Good afternoon, please be seated. All 4 right, we're here for Arcapita Bank. Counsel? 5 MR. WILLIAMS: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Matthew 6 Williams, Gibson Dunn & Crutcher for the debtors. With me 7 is my partner Emad Khalil and my colleague, Josh Weisser. THE COURT: All right, anyone else anticipate 8 9 speaking at the hearing enter your appearance. 10 MS. DELANO: Good afternoon, Cindy Chen Delano with Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy. With me is by 11 12 colleague, Albert Pisa. Thank you. 13 MR. MORRISSEY: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Richard Morrissey from the U.S. Trustee's Office. I'm not 14 15 sure whether I'm be speaking on not. 16 THE COURT: All right. 17 MR. MORRISSEY: It depends how it goes today. 18 THE COURT: Fair enough. MR. ROVIRA: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Alex 19 20 Rovira from Sidley Austin on behalf of Joint Provisional 21 Liquidators. 22 THE COURT: All right. MR. ZIMAN: Your Honor, Ken Ziman from Skadden, 23 24 Arps on behalf of Fortress Credit Corp. Hopefully this will be the last I speak at the hearing. 25

Page 6 1 THE COURT: All right. 2 MR. GREER: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Brian Greer of Dechert LLP, Standard Chartered. 3 THE COURT: All right. Anyone else? 4 5 Proceed. 6 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor. First of 7 all, Your Honor, again for the record Matthew Williams, Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher for the debtors. Thanks for hearing 8 9 on shortened notice. We obviously filed the pleadings on 10 Tuesday. 11 I'm happy to report that after a lot of hard work 12 from both the committee, the JPL, even the ad hoc committee, and I'm probably forgetting some people here, my colleagues, 13 14 but I think we're close and I think we actually have at 15 least for an interim hearing a global resolution here in 16 connection with this novel DIP financing motion. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 MR. WILLIAMS: And I'd also like to apologize, my partner, Michael Rosenthal, couldn't be here today because 19 he's over in London with a lot of the creditors' committee 20 21 and some of their professions negotiating in connection with 22 the plan of reorganization. 23 THE COURT: No apology necessary. Always happy to 24 see other folks in the office, as much as I like 25 Mr. Rosenthal as well. Certainly no need to apology for

1 your presence.

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- 2 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- And as I said earlier with me is my partner, Emad

  Khalil. His name may be familiar to you a little bit

  because we cited one of his (indiscernible 00:02:16)
- 6 articles in our brief. Mr. Khalil is kind of our resident
- 9 MR. WILLIAMS: So if you have any --

THE COURT: All right.

expert on sharia compliant financing.

- 10 THE COURT: That makes you a valuable man.
- MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah, so if you have any questions
  on the intricacies of the financing I can fake it a little
  bit, but Mr. Khalil is really the guy you want to speak to.
- 14 THE COURT: All right, that's a fair disclaimer.
- MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor.
  - So as I said earlier before Your Honor today is the debtors' motion. We're seeking authority to enter into a murabaha financing with Fortress Credit Corp. If approved the Fortress Credit -- I'm sorry -- the Fortress murabaha would allow us \$25 million of cash on an interim basis, it would allow us up to \$150 million on a final basis.
    - Now, pursuant to the motion as I said earlier, we're not seeking to borrow anything, what we are seeking to do is enter into a murabaha transaction.
- And in essence, and we lay this out in our motion,

Page 8 1 a murabaha is really a multi-party commodities transaction with deferred payment terms. It really can be boiled down into four simple steps. 3 First the debtor notifies Fortress that we would 4 5 ask Fortress to buy commodities on our behalf. 6 Second Fortress goes out and buys the commodities 7 on our behalf. Third, they transfer the commodities to us. 8 9 And then fourth we on-sell the commodities to 10 somebody else. 11 And in return for Fortress' agreement to transfer 12 the commodities to us we agree to pay in essence what's a 13 profit compensate them for the risk. 14 So the end result of these transfers is we wind up 15 with an immediate cash infusion and we wind up with -- we, 16 the debtors wind up with the obligation to pay Fortress in 17 essence the profit. So it's not interest, it's completely sharia 18 compliant, and for reasons that are observe we needed a 19 20 sharia compliant loan. 21 THE COURT: All right. 22 MR. WILLIAMS: Sharia compliant murabaha. 23 sorry, Your Honor. 24 To our knowledge at least this is --25 THE COURT: I'll -- any time you say the word loan

- I'll take it to mean murabaha.
- 2 MR. WILLIAMS: I appreciate that, Your Honor, and 3 we put that in a footnote in our motion for that very
- 4 purpose.

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- 5 THE COURT: I did see that.
- 6 MR. WILLIAMS: And we tried to -- any time we use 7 loan or borrower we tried to put it in quotes.
- 8 THE COURT: Old habits die hard, but I understand
  9 what you're trying to do in this case --
- 10 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: -- and that it is for important
- 12 reasons different.
- 13 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor.
  - financing that's been implemented. Even putting aside the novel structure, I think as Your Honor is aware there are a lot of difficult issues we had to grapple with in this case, in particular the complex collateral package required a lot of due diligence and both business and legal due diligence by our potential counterparty, which is why it look us so long to get where we are today, but I'm happy to say we are
  - As I said earlier, hopefully this will be a -it's my hope and expectation to be a consensual hearing.
- 25 Per Your Honor's scheduling order objections were

were we are today.

due yesterday I think at 3 o'clock. Again, this is just an interim hearing. We haven't received any objections. did have and we've had throughout the case continuing discussions with the creditors' committee which went through last night. I think we filed late last night, and I apologize for the lateness, but just given the timing we wanted to get in front of Your Honor, a supplemental pleading where we dealt with I think a lot of the creditors' committee's concerns, and to be frank some of our concerns. I view all of the changes that were made from the initial filing to the filing we made last night as either clarifications or beneficial to the estate. If Your Honor would like at the end of my presentation I'm happy to walk you through them, I think the pleading speaks for itself, and I'm happy to proceed how Your Honor wishes. THE COURT: You could just give me just for the record just a quick overview probably for the record here today is helpful. MR. WILLIAMS: Okav. THE COURT: But a prompt one, because I do think as you said, it's set forth in the pleading. MR. WILLIAMS: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. Just quickly the terms in the murabaha, I'll go through -- or the proposed murabaha I'll go through real

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quickly.

As I said earlier the size of the arrogate commitment would be \$150 million. It's broken down into a couple of different component parts. We would have a \$25 million interim availability. Upon entry of the final order that would increase to -- we have an increase of 100-for a total commitment of 125-. And there's another add on piece where Fortress is continuing to do diligence.

As I said earlier, this is a complex collateral package, so Fortress is continuing to do diligence on an additional 25-. If we get that we would obviously be up to the full 150-.

And then 120 days into the case we've got a step down where we are to prepaid \$25 million of the facility.

We have to take the facility down. Whether the facility is at 125- we have to take it down to 100- or if it's at 150-we take it down to 125-. Is it -- did I -- is it 20- or 25-?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Twenty-five.

MR. WILLIAMS: Twenty-five, okay. I'm sorry, Your Honor.

The maturity, it's a six-month facility with the possibility to extend for an additional six months. The extension would be at the agent's discretion.

As I said earlier there's no interest per se, but

there's a profit, and the profit is ten percent plus libor, with the libor being a two percent floor.

With respect to claims and liens on a facility the

-- Fortress would have superpriority claims against all of
the debtors under 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code with a
couple of important caveats.

First of all Falcon is not an obligor or a guarantor so therefore there won't be any claims against Falcon.

Second, and this was important with respect to SCB who as Your Honor knows we've been having continuing discussions with. Fortress' claims against the three subsidiary guarantors under the SCB facility, that is AEID II, RailInvest and Wind Turbine, those claims will be subordinated to SCB.

And with respect to liens, Your Honor, this is an non-priming facility. And when I say non-priming I mean it in every sense of the word. Not only as a technical matter that we're not priming SCB's liens, but we're not going -- I shouldn't say we, I should say Fortress -- Fortress is not going structurally senior to them either.

Fortress would have a first lien on all encumbered assets of Arcapita Bank , AIHL and ALTHL. They'd have a junior lien on all assets of the debtor subject to prior liens, including SCB's liens on the equity of AEID II,

RailInvest and Wind Turbine, and would have liens against the non-debtor obligor's assets.

The carve-outs from those liens, again, would be given that Falcon is not an obligor Fortress wouldn't have any liens against Falcon or the Falcon escrow.

AIHL's equity interest in Pointe Part Properties are carved out. That was due to the euro log IPO. We just wanted to make sure that went smoothly.

And also with respect to SCB because the deal that was struck was that Fortress would not be going structurally senior to SCB. Fortress does not have a lien on the assets of AEID II, RailInvest or Wind Turbine, they're carved out of the collateral package as well.

And finally a point that the committee raised in connection with previous commitment letters, Fortress is not receiving a lien on the avoidance actions or proceeds thereof of the estate.

And with respect to mandatory prepayments the DIP provides for mandatory prepayments up to the liquidity provider for the proceeds at certain specified events, including sale of collateral or significant assets of the group, subject to certain expectations. Again, most of which are carve-outs of the proceeds of Falcon mediation and the euro log IPO.

There's other typical terms in the DIP as well,

1 you know, I could -- you know, I had a running discussion 2 with my colleagues about how long we're supposed to make that chart that we insert into the -- because I know it's 3 4 supposed to be concise and I see these five-page charts and 5 I know there's back and forth about it, but -- so there's 6 numerous terms, I think most of them are laid out in the 7 chart. We may have missed one or two, and if we did it's 8 not my colleague's --9 THE COURT: I think your chart was that, three 10 pages? Is that fair? 11 MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. But in fairness --12 THE COURT: No, I guess it's a little bit more 13 than that but it is what it is. MR. WILLIAMS: We cheated because we made the 14 15 fonts smaller. 16 THE COURT: Smaller. All right. Well --17 MR. WILLIAMS: So but I did want to say if we 18 missed one or two my colleagues kept telling me that it's my fault, not theirs, because I kept saying it had to be 19 20 shorter. 21 But there's other typical terms. Reimbursement of 22 the reasonable expenses of Fortress, customary carve-outs 23 for payment of the Bankruptcy Court clerk and fees, U.S. 24 Trustee fees, professional fees and expenses and the like. 25 A couple of other points I'd just like to mention

that are not necessarily in the document -- or one important point that's not in the document. With respect to the exit facility, Your Honor will remember that the exit facility was very important to the company, and the ability to convert this facility into an exit facility was and is remains an important issue for the company.

We have a side letter with Fortress given the fact that we didn't -- Fortress for reasons that I think are obvious they didn't want to put it into this document, this is not an exit facility, there still are terms to be negotiated. We have a side letter with Fortress that in essence says their commitment under the initial commitment letter doesn't expire, that they're still obligated per that initial commitment letter to convert this into an exit facility to the extent we can reach the appropriate terms.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. WILLIAMS: As I noted earlier, Your Honor, with respect to the supplement I think the most material document that we filed in the supplement last night was the fee letter, and that was attached as one of the exhibits.

And the fees are important here so I'm going to spend a little bit of time with them because we -- we're still trying to make one of the fees sharia compliant.

There's really a couple of fees here.

First we've got a structuring fee of \$2.5 million.

In essence that's two percent of the \$125 million commitment. That entire fee is credited against an up front arrangement fee of \$3.75 million which is in essence three percent of that 125-. And this is all consistent with the previous commitment letter, Your Honor. So all these fees had previously been disclosed any way but we wanted to make sure we had them in the fee letter.

If Fortress up sizes the facility, as I said earlier, there's this additional option for an additional \$25 million, there's an additional three percent on that upsize, so that would be \$750,000.

And there's an exit fee. Now, notably the exit fee is not in the letter that we filed. The exit fee is referenced in our commitment letter, and in essence the exit fee I look at it as in essence a make hole to the extent that the DIP is taken out with alternative DIP financing during the case. And in essence what it provides is -- and again, this was in the commitment letter -- they would be entitled to a fee equal to \$10 million minus all of the fees they've been paid on account of the DIP and any profit they have been paid on account of the DIP with two important cayeats.

First is that there would be no exit facility -
I'm sorry -- there would be no exit fee for the extent that

we convert them to the exit facility pursuant to the plan.

1 And second, to the extent they're paid off in cash by the 2 plan and not an alternative DIP providers they wouldn't get that fee. 3 And the reason, Your Honor, it's not in the letter 5 is not because we're not seeking approval of it today, 6 again, it's been filed previously, it was in the commitment 7 papers. The reason is because we've been working very hard to make that fee sharia compliant, and notwithstanding, you 8 9 know, Mr. Khalil's efforts we're still working on that. 10 We're confident we'll get there, I think we'll get there probably some time if not today over the weekend. But given 11 12 the fact that we need to get -- understandably need to get these fees approved I wanted to describe it to the Court 13 today, and we wouldn't be seeking approval of that fee 14 15 today. 16 THE COURT: All right. So it's not in today, but 17 you're essentially giving me and everyone else notice --18 MR. WILLIAMS: Yes. THE COURT: -- that it is --19 20 MR. WILLIAMS: Yes. 21 THE COURT: -- being requested. 22 MR. WILLIAMS: Exactly. And I would note that it 23 was in the original commitment letter and it was spelled out

in a commitment letter obviously in a manner that wasn't

sharia compliant. We're just in the process of converting

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1 that into something that will work for both the company and 2 for Fortress. 3 THE COURT: Procedurally how do you plan to deal with that? 4 5 MR. WILLIAMS: What I'd like to do -- and given 6 the fact that I think we're going have a couple of -- I 7 don't want to say turns -- but I think we're going have some ministerial edits to the documents. Once we're done with 8 the letter as well as the fee we would file revised 9 10 documents with black lines, and we would file the fee letter 11 with the Court with this -- whether it's in the fee letter 12 or whether it's actually in the DIP document for sharia compliance purposes it may be important for it to be in one 13 or the other. We'd be filing those revised documents with 14 15 the Court once we're (indiscernible - 00:15:53). 16 I think, and I don't want to speak for my 17 colleagues, but we can get that done -- the fees, when do 18 you think we'll realistically have them? MR. KHALIL: Very early next week. 19 20 MR. WILLIAMS: Very early next week. Certainly 21 prior to closing, Your Honor. 22 And so what we'd like to do, you know, to the 23 extent Your Honor would be amenable to, we'd have to order 24 entered today, we'd file the revised documents, and that's 25 how we'd like to proceed to the extent --

1 THE COURT: All right.

MR. WILLIAMS: Just quickly I think the motion goes to -- and I think Your Honor well knows about the necessity for the DIP. We filed a number of declarations both with the commitment fee and with this motion regarding the debtors' liquidity needs.

We've also filed declarations, and Your Honor will recall in connection with the commitment letter motion the extensive marketing process that was done with the assistance of the committee in connection with the DIP -
I'm sorry -- with the murabaha which is why we wound up where we are today. The debtors think that this is the best deal that we could have gotten.

We're happy that both the committee and SCB and everybody has been supportive. This process hasn't been easy, but we do need the liquidity. I don't think anybody disputes the need that we need the liquidity. And I don't think anybody disputes that this is certainly the best offer out there.

So with that, you know, I'm happy to answer any questions that Your Honor has.

THE COURT: All right. What I have is I have comments to the proposed interim order, so we'll get to that.

MR. WILLIAMS: Okay.

1 THE COURT: And I think you've answered my 2 questions subject to hearing from other folks who may have 3 an interest in commenting. 4 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: So, thank you. 6 MS. DELANO: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Good afternoon. MS. DELANO: Cindy Chen Delano of Milbank, Tweed, 8 9 Hadley & McCloy on behalf of the statutory committee of 10 unsecured creditors. 11 In connection with the post-petition financing 12 process the committee and its advisors have been working 13 closely with the debtors and the proposed lenders to insure 14 that the debtors could obtain financing on terms that are 15 the best possible terms with maximum benefit to the debtors. 16 With respect to the current motion to authorize 17 the debtors' entry into the financing agreement with 18 Fortress, the committee and its advisors have continued to engage in multiple conversations and have provided multiple 19 20 comments to the financing documents. 21 And at the moment, although the committee does not 22 disagree in principal, with the interim relief sought today, 23 you know, we have provided a number of comments to the draft 24 DIP and murabaha agreement as Mr. Williams will call it and

other financing documents that we believe would benefit the

debtors and their estates.

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So as you've heard from Mr. Williams several of these comments have made their way into last night's filing, some of them have not.

So what we would like to do today is not object to Fortress' provision of the interim post-petition financing today, but instead we're hopeful that we'll continue working on the documents over the course of the weekend and early next week and that any of our issues can be resolved on a consensual basis --

THE COURT: Before the final hearing.

MS. DELANO: -- but, you know, we are reserving the right for the final.

So with that --

THE COURT: All right.

MS. DELANO: -- thank you, Your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Thank you. All right.

MR. GREER: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Brian

19 Greer of Dechert LLP of Standard Chartered Bank.

I'd like to thank the debtors and Fortress for working with us to make sure that this financing in the interim order were consistent with our order that was entered. I believe the protections for Standard Chartered were accurately summarized by debtors' counsel.

I would like to adjust two other points. Section

11 of the interim order does provide that nothing in the order amends, alters, modifies the adequate protection and the priority of claims granted to Standard Chartered in connection with the SCB order that was entered by the Court.

And then with respect to the DIP budget we did notice that our first adequate protection payment was scheduled for the end of December, but in fact that'll be paid one business day after closing of the interim facility.

And we also noticed that there was estimate for our expenses at the end of, you know, March 2013. That amount is an estimate that was provided by the debtors, but under our order we're not subject to any cap other than reasonableness.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. GREER: Thanks, Your Honor.

MR. ROVIRA: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Alex
Rovira from Sidley Austin on behalf of the Joint Provisional
Liquidators of AIHL.

Your Honor, subject to the Cayman Court's approval the Joint Provisional Liquidators do not object at this point to the debtors' DIP financing.

They did want to note, however, that their nonobjection today is without prejudice to their ability to
object to the allocation of costs between the estates, which
is still being worked on between the parties.

Page 23 1 THE COURT: All right. 2 MR. ROVIRA: Thank you, Judge. 3 THE COURT: Fair enough, thank you. MR. MORRISSEY: Good afternoon, Your Honor, 4 5 Richard Morrissey for the U.S. Trustee. 6 First I'm going to put in the usual reservation of 7 rights for the final as everyone else I'm sure wants to do 8 as well. 9 There are a couple of minor provisions in the 10 interim order which may be problematic, but again, the U.S. 11 Trustee is not voicing any opposition at this time, but 12 hopefully we'll be able to resolve those issues, and they 13 are minor, Your Honor, just so I make that clear. 14 THE COURT: All right. Is there any benefit to 15 identifying them now or have you been having that discussion 16 in an ongoing way? 17 MR. MORRISSEY: Your Honor, just to give you an 18 example, and I don't have the provision. There's a provision there that's a little unclear -- oh, thank you --19 20 near the end that covers environmental issues, that it's not 21 clear whether the parties here are trying to exempt 22 themselves from liability under the environmental laws or 23 not. In one place it seems that they are, another place it 24 seems that they aren't, and I thought that should be cleared 25 up so that --

Page 24 1 THE COURT: Clarified, all right. 2 MR. MORRISSEY: -- for the final, but it's that 3 sort of thing. 4 THE COURT: All right. 5 MR. MORRISSEY: A more general comment, Your 6 Honor, although this is a first-time murabaha loan here in 7 the Bankruptcy Court as far as we're all aware it does have many of the hallmarks of a conventional DIP loan as well. 8 9 And obviously we can't lose sight of the fact that the 10 proposed order here has to comply with the Bankruptcy Code 11 and it should have all of the bells and whistles that we see 12 in typical DIP financing orders, and I think this one does 13 for the most part. 14 I think that although the murabaha facility that 15 particular mechanism is new to us, many of the provisions in 16 the -- actually most of the provisions in the proposed order 17 are not new to us, and I think therefore it's not something 18 that's totally far. So I don't want to -- I don't think we should 19 20 exaggerate the newness of this particular --21 THE COURT: Well, it's a different transaction but 22 the order and what it accomplishes mimics sort of the more traditional method. 23 24 MR. MORRISSEY: Yes, Your Honor.

And with that I have nothing further unless the

1 Court wants to ask anything.

THE COURT: No, I don't. Thank you.

MR. MORRISSEY: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right, anyone else wish to be heard?

All right, I was just going to point out a few comments -- questions that I had just to -- for the orders.

And looking at the version that -- I guess the last version I received going page 5 at the end of the recitals before we get into, "It is found, determined, ordered and adjudged that...," I just wanted for this order and the other order in the stack to add the fact after upon the arguments of counsel the interim hearing language that says something to this effect, based on the debtor' representations to the Court and the record in these cases.

And that just goes to my -- nothing unusual in this particular order, but there's also some findings that I -- i.e. probably ill-suited to make based on my own particular expertise, such as the commodities transactions here particularly, so I just want to make that clear for purposes of the order. So that's one.

I see that there is on page 6 a reference to purchases and sales of commodities shall be entitled to protections of 363(m), and that is something that's a little bit -- because we have the purchase and sales of

commodities, and I assume that that language, which I don't ordinary see in standard DIP orders is something that reflects the unusual nature of this transaction here.

MR. WILLIAMS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. So I think I understand therefore why it's in there and that that doesn't do any harm to the Bankruptcy Code, but do to extent there's any discussion of things that are unique here for purposes of the final order I'll let the U.S. Trustee and other parties discuss those between now and then.

And I see that on page 9 (b) at the top it talks about the purchaser indemnifying investment agent for any and all actions in connection with the commodity transactions. Again, I think that that's -- I think if I understand correctly that's also a result of the nature of the transaction here being different than something I would ordinarily see.

MR. WILLIAMS: Yes, that's correct.

THE COURT: All right. And on page 11 number small triple (i) talks about the non-refundable payment to the investment agent, security agent, et cetera, et cetera, and I know this is on an interim basis so I don't usually see the term non-refundable used in an interim order. So I thought perhaps you could explain to me what -- what the basis is for that particular provision. And I realize it's

the payment to the investment agent. So I mean sort of keep track of -- it's 8(b)(iii).

MR. WILLIAMS: Yes, Your Honor. I think the issue here was that with respect to the fees of Fortress if Your Honor will recall in connection with the commitment letter they did not get, at least in my experience with in essence an exit facility you would get your commitment fee paid when you commit. Here Fortress agreed to push that commitment fee out. In essence it's getting its fees paid now as opposed to when it committed a month and a half ago. Its expended a lot of time and effort during that time period. So that was the reason.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. WILLIAMS: I think that Fortress -- obviously the debtors would be fine taking it out, the order has to be acceptable to the DIP lenders, and this was something I can tell Your Honor that we pushed back on and we did not --

what your answer was going to be, I just wanted to make sure I understood it correctly. And I originally looked at it because I thought there were fees paid and then I realized those fees were paid for a different transaction with a different party when we had various potential financing transactions that were floating around in this case before this one, so I think that that's originally the reason it

came on my radar screen was for -- because I was thinking of those earlier payments and that wasn't implicated here. So, all right, that's helpful to know. Thank you.

There's a carve-out here. I don't know what an appropriate carve-out is on page 13, but I assume that's a discussion that you either have had or will have with the U.S. Trustee's Office.

On page 20 it's 14(c) I believe, and it's the paragraph that says -- with the line that says, "Until the payment in full of the DIP obligations any party other than the security agent that has or obtains a lien or security interest in the collateral shall not exercise any rights or remedies with respect to the first lien collateral."

And this sort of runs into third-party injunctions, and those can get a little tricky in Bankruptcy Court.

Obviously I know I'm well within my jurisdiction and authority to talk about in this bankruptcy case the parties that I have who are financing where they fit into the scheme of priorities and also to things of that sort, but when we talk about some other party who I don't have in front of me not being able to do essentially -- exercise any rights or remedies, making various declarations, accelerations, whatever it is, that's where I get a little bit more nervous at it.

So I'm going to -- there's two ways to do this.

One is to take it out for an interim order and then think

about whether it's necessary for a final order. The other

is maybe you have some explanation that can explain what we

need to do here.

MR. WILLIAMS: Well, I would have my colleague -I would have a suggestion, at least. If -- to the extent -and I would have to ask the DIP lender as well -- but in the
concern is that the Court doesn't have jurisdiction over
potentially foreign parties, or you know, obviously as Your
Honor said there's foreign assets, non-debtor assets, I
think we could put -- I think, although I'd have to check
with the DIP lender -- we could say to the extent that the
Bankruptcy Court has jurisdiction over such entities and --

THE COURT: Well, I don't think you need to check with them to add the phrase to the extent permitted by applicable law, that may be -- that may -- that's the most obvious way to fix that problem, and obviously if applicable law didn't allow me to do it it wouldn't really matter what any other party in the case would think because the Court of Appeals would tell me that I didn't have authority and that would pretty much be the end of it.

So that was the other sort of potential workout and that may be the -- that may be the most appropriate thing to do for the interim hearing.

1 MR. WILLIAMS: Fortress' counsel is shaking his 2 head so I think that would work, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: All right. So let's do that. And to 4 the extent permitted by applicable law. 5 In 21 -- I'm sorry -- in 20 and 21 there's the 6 506(c) issue and dealing with a Chapter 7 liquidation in 7 bankruptcy, and I assume that that's a discussion that either has happen or will happen with the U.S. Trustee's 8 9 Office about that. So we can I think leave that in for the 10 moment in an interim order. 11 So moving on to 23 there is -- and I've had this 12 discussion, this is a very traditional problem I think --13 there's language in here about certain things staying in place regardless of whether some order is reversed, 14 15 modified, vacated, or stayed, and I never want to be in a 16 position of telling the Court of Appeals that they may do 17 something and that it doesn't count, because I don't have 18 the ability to do that. So that -- so that paragraph (c) and (d), both of 19 20 which have the same things saying notwithstanding some court 21 reviewing this saying you can and can't do this that 22 everything will continue I have -- I have trouble with that. 23 So there -- I don't know if you have a suggestion 24 on how to resolve that problem. That's a much more 25 traditional problem and I think I've had discussions in

other cases with counsel about -- about my unwillingness to tell any appellate court what they can and can't do and what it actually means before they do that.

MR. WILLIAMS: I'll tell you my personal view, which is I think an appellate court is going to do what it's going to do. I think, you know, if I were the DIP lender I would want this paragraph in here, and I can understand why.

THE COURT: No -- no, I understand that, but -- and everyone here wears a different hat, so I understand the DIP lender will ask for it, and I understand because they'll ask for it you will say exactly what you just said.

But as a bankruptcy judge I'm wearing a different hat obviously, and since this has my name on it and they will probably -- though they may never see the lawyer for the DIP lender, but they may -- and again, this is sort of hypothetical because everything here is consensual today, but -- and I've had this I think same discussion in at least one other case -- I'm not willing to put my name on it where I'm telling a reviewing court what they can and can't do.

And as I say to folks, to the extent that it makes them unhappy that I want to take something like that out I can give you the solace of knowing that even if I left it in I'm sure there are plenty or judges who would tell me that's really nice that you put it in but it's -- it violates the law so it's out and I'm going to do what I'm going to do and

you're -- here's what the ruling is and here's what you're 1 2 going to have to do. So -- so I don't think it's actually probably 3 4 worth the ink that we spent on it and it may not be worth 5 the length of time in this discussion, but since I'm signing it those things make we very uncomfortable. 7 MR. WILLIAMS: I hear, Your Honor. If maybe we can discuss that with the DIP lender --8 9 THE COURT: That would be helpful. 10 MR. WILLIAMS: Okay. THE COURT: And again, I think the comfort is that 11 12 I could put in all sorts of things and nobody is going pay attention to them any way if they violate what my 13 jurisdiction is. 14 15 But it does come across as a bit of hubris on my 16 part to go signing things like that, and I don't want to be 17 -- I don't want to be doing that for that reason, among others. 18

And I think -- I think I know the answer to the last issue I have on 27. This talks about binding effect and it says it binds the Chapter 7 or Chapter 11 trustee but that they have no obligation to extend financing to such folks. But let me hear your justification for that particular language.

MR. WILLIAMS: Sure. Why they wouldn't have to

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find a Chapter 7 case?

THE COURT: Well, you might say if you're a

Chapter 7 trustee -- and again, the case is progressing

nicely and we all hope it never gets there -- but that

you're binding a Chapter 7 trustee without giving a

Chapter 7 trustee any benefits.

MR. WILLIAMS: The problem, Your Honor, would be if the Chapter 7 trustee wasn't bond by this I'm not -- especially in a case like this if a Chapter 7 trustee weren't bound by this order I don't think we would be able to get the DIP financing. I don't think that the DIP lender would be willing to take that risk. I -- on this one I certainly wouldn't be willing to take that risk if I were the DIP lender.

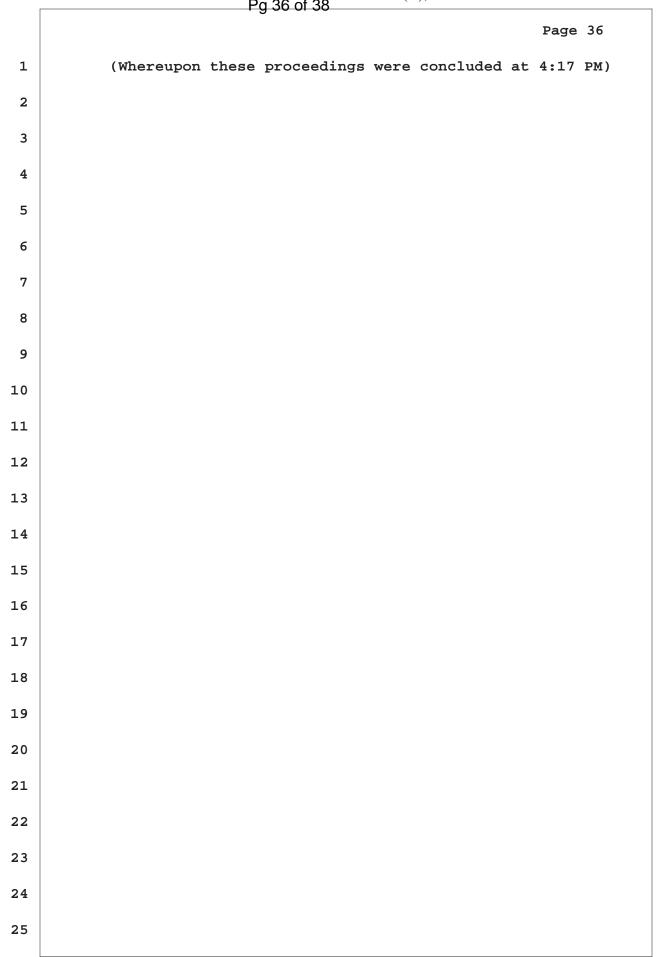
THE COURT: Well, I think the argument is that it's sort of a historical thing, that is they're taking the case up to the point where they get the case and that includes the financing which allows the case to go forward but it doesn't obligate you to give any financing beyond that, so.

MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah, and as any colleague Josh Weisser just pointed out to me as well, the value that the DIP lender is putting in now is ultimately financing the case, that any Chapter 7 trustee is going to get the value of the assets that haven't financed up to that point.

Page 34 1 THE COURT: All right. So that's fine. 2 So the -- those are the changes I had, so I think 3 there's really just the one on page 5 that needs to be made. There's the one of to the extent consistent with applicable 4 5 law. And there are those two paragraphs talking about 6 vacating and reversals and things of that sort on page 23 7 and 24. MR. WILLIAMS: So, Your Honor, if I may then if we 8 could have maybe five, ten minutes to speak with the DIP 9 10 lender? 11 THE COURT: Absolutely. 12 MR. WILLIAMS: Okay. 13 THE COURT: Absolutely. Now, I know there's also another order in this binder that I received which is the --14 15 and I'm trying to figure out if that's -- all right. 16 MR. WILLIAMS: If it is a mistake -- if there is 17 it was a mistake on our part. THE COURT: Yeah. No, I think -- I think that 18 that's a prior order, I didn't see a signature page so I 19 20 wasn't sure if that was something I was being requested, but 21 it's the prior order. 22 MR. WILLIAMS: So -- yes, so, Your Honor, if you 23 would give us maybe ten minutes we'll talk to the DIP lender. 24

I would say, and I don't mean to impose upon the

Page 35 Court, but from -- from the debtors' perspective to the 1 extent we could get the order signed before Monday. 2 3 THE COURT: No, we've made provisions to get it signed this afternoon. 4 5 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: So --6 7 MR. WILLIAMS: Because it's important for what we're doing in Cayman as well. 8 9 THE COURT: No, I understand that's the nature of 10 these interim orders. 11 MR. WILLIAMS: I appreciate it. 12 THE COURT: So if you can just chat now I will be 13 in chambers and then I guess there's two ways to do it, you can either just mark something up and give it to us and 14 15 we'll make the changes and then just get it entered, or if 16 you have the capacity do it here in an email, just whatever 17 -- whatever is the most time efficient way to do it. 18 MR. WILLIAMS: We'll talk about that during the break as well, Your Honor. 19 20 THE COURT: All right. Anything else we should 21 chat about today? 22 MR. WILLIAMS: Not from my perspective, no. 23 THE COURT: All right. 24 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Thank you very much.



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Page 38 CERTIFICATION I, Dawn South, certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. AAERT Certified Electronic Transcriber CET\*\*D-408 Veritext 200 Old Country Road Suite 580 Mineola, NY 11501 Date: December 12, 2012